

FOR EUROPE & AMERICA,  
INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c., and for  
PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE  
OUTPORTS  
A Comprehensive and Complete  
Record of the  
NEWS OF THE FAR EAST  
is given in the  
**HONGKONG WEEKLY**  
**PRESS,**  
with which is incorporated the  
CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT  
Subscription, paid in advance,  
\$12 per annum. Postage to any  
part of the World \$2.

# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

IN PREPARATION  
THE  
DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE  
FOR 1909.  
Edition ... \$10.00  
... 6.00  
Copies may be sent to the  
Hongkong Daily Press Office and  
the Local Booksellers.

No. 15,826. 號六十二百八千五萬一第 日八十月二十年四十三緒光 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9TH, 1909. 六拜禮 號九月正年九零百九千一英港香 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

**WATSON'S**  
EFFERVESCING  
**LIVER SALT**  
Highly Recommended for all Derangements  
of the Stomach and Liver.

**A. S. WATSON & CO.,**  
LIMITED,

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841. [a30]

NEW SEASON'S MODELS  
**BABY GRANDS**

AND  
**UPRIGHT**  
**GRANDS**

BY  
**BLUTHNER, STECK,**  
**RACHELS, IBACH,**  
**PLEYEL, ETC., ETC.**

**S. MOUTRIE & CO.,**  
LIMITED.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1908. [a40-3]

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY.**

**PORTLAND CEMENT.**

In Casks 375 lbs. net \$5.50 per cask ex Factory.

In Bags 250 lbs. net \$3.45 per bag ex Factory.

**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**

General Managers.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1908. [a1647]

**THE GRAND HOTEL.**  
DIVISION STREET, KOBE.

**FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.**

**COMFORTABLE & AIRY BEDROOMS.**

Situated in close proximity to the Harbour  
and Railway Station.

**BEST WINES AND LIQUORS SUPPLIED.**

Special arrangements for a long stay.

**F. DOMBALLE** Proprietors.

**M. MAILLE** Proprietors.

**PEAK TRAMWAYS**  
**LIMITED.**

**TIME TABLE.**

**WEEK DAYS.**

7.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
9.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
NIGHT CARS.  
8.45 p.m. & 9.00 p.m., 9.45 to 11.15 p.m.  
every 15 minutes.

**SATURDAY.**

Extra Cars at 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.  
8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes.  
9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 Noon. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
NIGHT CARS at 8.45 p.m. & 9.00 p.m., 9.45 to  
11.15 p.m., every half hour.

**SPECIAL CARS** by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des  
Vaux Road Central.

**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,**

General Managers.

Hongkong 9th May, 1907. [1374]

## THE NOVEL OF THE SEASON.

### "VIVIENNE'S VENTURE"

By VIOLA GRAEME

(HONGKONG LADY)

TO BE OBTAINED ONLY FROM

**WATKINS LIMITED.**

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

31, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1909. [a29]

## CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS

OF

LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

ESTABLISHED 188

		Per Case.
BRANDY	★★★★	\$22.50
"	★★★	20.00
"	★★	17.00
WHISKY, PAIL MALL		20.00
"	JOHN WALKER & SONS'	12.50
"	OLD HIGHLAND	
"	C. F. & CO.'S SPECIAL	
BLEND		10.50
PORT WINE, INVALIDS		20.00
"	DOURO	13.50
SHERRY, FINO SUPERIOR		14.75
"	LA TORRE	16.00
"	OLD EAST INDIA	18.50
"	AMOROSO	20.00
"	ROYAL AMONTILEADO	23.00
"	CURIO SOLERA	26.50
BENEDICTINE, D.O.M.		QTS. 40.00 Pts. 42.00

THE ABOVE ARE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

**SIEMSEN & CO.,**

HONGKONG AGENTS.

[a51]

## LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

TELEPHONE 97.

## FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

NOW SHOWING

### AXMINSTER PARQUET CARPETS

WOVEN IN ONE PIECE WITHOUT SEAM

EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS AND COLOURINGS

VARIOUS SIZES—RUGS TO MATCH.

INSPECTION INVITED.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

Hongkong, 7th January, 1909. [a33]

司公木興昌商英

THE PACIFIC COAST LUMBER MILLS, LTD.

VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

### DOUGLAS FIR (OREGON PINE) TIMBERS

**DOCK-YARDS: DECKING, SHEATHING, TIMBERS, SPARS, &c**  
**RAILWAYS: SLEEPERS, TIMBERS, PILES AND CAL-STOCK.**

Shipments made direct from our Saws to the Consumer in South China.

**THOS. W. KYDD,** Oriental Representative.

Telephone 373.

Office No. 30, Prince's Buildings, Opposite King Edward Hotel.

Hongkong, 14th November, 1908.

[a1565]

## JOHN ROBERTS & COMPANY, LTD.

BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,  
BOMBAY.

**UNDERTAKE** to Supply a First-class Full Sized BILLIARD TABLE, design  
No. 1, to following Specification, viz.: On Eight Massive Turned Legs, raised panels  
Carved Bracket Knees, Screwed Mouldings, double bolted, best Welsh Slate Bed, extra  
heavy solid cushion rails fitted with our new low set Express Cushions, patent invisible  
Pocket Plates best Whicord Pockets, Six Chalk Cups, Superfine West of England Cloth,  
and patent adjusting toes, with lever for levelling, complete with the following accessories—

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 12 Selected Ash Cues.                   | 1 Wall Cue Rack.                            |
| 1 Butt Rest with Patent Brass Head.     | 1 Wall Butt Rack.                           |
| 1 Billiard Rest with Patent Brass Head. | 1 Set Billiard Rules, Framed.               |
| 1 Long Butt.                            | 1 Best Billiard Brush.                      |
| 1 Mid Butt.                             | 1 Set "Crystal" or "Benzoline" Bill. Balls. |
| 1 Billiard Marking Board.               | 1 Box Best Cue Tips, assorted.              |
| 1 Dust Cover for Table.                 | 1 Cue Tip Fastener with File.               |
| Straightedge and 1 Circle.              | 1 Bottle Cue Cement.                        |
| 1 Best Spirit Level.                    | 1 Box Silk Spots.                           |
| 1 Smoothing Iron with Shoe.             | 2 Dozen Best White Chalk.                   |

Packed and delivered free on Board Hongkong or Shanghai Harbour for the sum of  
Rs. 1,400 nett.

Illustrated price lists giving prices and particulars of everything pertaining to billiard  
can be had on application from the Offices of this paper.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1904. [a97-1]

## CHAMPAGNES.



POMMERY & G. RENOU.

BOLLINGER & CO.

GIESLER & CO.

POL ROGER

LANSON PERE ET FILS.

DUO DE MONTEBELLO.

TERROY & CO.

PAUL DOUMMIER & CO.

LOUIS RENAULT.

TELEPHONE No. 75.

**CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,**

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

15, Queen's Road Central. [a35]

Hongkong, 12th December, 1908.

**A POWERFUL  
DISINFECTANT**



**AND  
GERMICIDE.**

## PULICIDE.

**MOST EFFECTIVE IN PREVENTING PLAGUE, CHOLERA, MALARIA, ETC.**  
BY DESTROYING FLEAS, MOSQUITOS AND ALL NOXIOUS INSECTS  
AND VERMIN AND ALL DISEASE GERMS.

**AS SUPPLIED TO AND RECOMMENDED BY THE SANITARY  
DEPARTMENT, HONGKONG, AND USED BY THE  
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.**

**CHEAP. HARMLESS. CONVENIENT.  
EFFECTIVE.**

**DIRECTIONS**—A teaspoonful (quarter pint) to be added to a pailful (three gallons) of water.  
To be used for washing floors, clothes, utensils, etc., etc.

## A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

HONGKONG, CHINA AND MANILA.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT TO

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR. [a123]



## "WHITE HORSE" WHISKY.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

SOLE AGENTS.

**MACKIE & CO. DISTILLERS LTD.**

LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAY.

MALT-MILL "GLENLIVET"

CRANGLACHIE "GLENLIVET"

Estab. 1742.

Quality  
The Secret of  
Success.

**\$15 PER DOZ.**

**NOTE**—Any persons proved guilty of re-filling our empty bottles with inferior Whisky  
will be refused supplies. [a34]

## BREWER & CO., LIMITED.

PEDDER STREET—Adjoining Main Entrance HONGKONG HOTEL.  
TELEPHONE, No. 696.

**TENNIS RACKETS.**

A NEW CONSIGNMENT OF SLAZENGER'S

"DOHERTY" BLACK GUT.

**GOLF BALLS.**

SPALDING'S "WIZARD" WITH BLUE DOT.

**SPALDING'S ATHLETIC LIBRARY.**

How to Swim and Save Life, by C. M.

Daniels.

Golf Guide, by James Braid.

Rugby Guide and How to play "Rugby," by

Old International.

Football Guide and How to play "Soccer,"

by S. Bloomer.

How to play Water Polo.

Cricket Guide and How to play "Cricket,"

by Prince Ranjitsinghji.

How to Run 100 Yards, by J. W. Morton.

How to Sprint.

Lawn Tennis Guide, by P. A. Vail.

Base Ball Guide, by Henry Chadwick.

[a32]

## HOTELS

### HONGKONG HOTEL.

FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Dining accommodation for 300 Persons.  
Well Furnished Reception Rooms.  
Private Bar and Billiard Room for Hotel  
Residents.

Electric Lifts to each Floor.  
Electric Lighting and Fans.  
Telephones on every Floor.  
Every Comfort.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms.

Ladies' Cloak Rooms.

Matrons in attendance.

CHARGES MODERATE, AND NO EXTRAS.

A. F. DAVIES, Manager. [a42]

### "KING EDWARD HOTEL.

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea-Rooms.

Private Bar and Billiard-Rooms.

Hot and Cold Water throughout.

Electrically Lighted; Electric Fans (if

required).

Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.

Table D'Hôte at separate tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to the

MANAGER. [a1475]

### "KINGSCLERE," PRIVATE HOTEL.

APPROACH FROM KENNEDY ROAD AND

MACDONNELL ROAD.

Telephone No. 134.

Telegraphic Address: "SACHSOLA,"

A.B.C. Code, 5th ED.

**ELECTRIC LIGHT, Hot and Cold Water**

throughout. Billiards, Tennis, Croquet,

putting green and fine stabling for horses.

Proprietress, Mrs. G. SACHSE. [a45]

### "BRAESIDE," PRIVATE HOTEL.

**STANDING** in its own grounds with Tennis

and Croquet Lawns, Large Airy and

Well Furnished Rooms, every home comfort.

Fine View of the Harbour.

Telephone, No. 690.

Apply to—Mrs. F. W. WATTS.

"Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [a44]

### COLD STORAGE.

**THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.**

have now 40,000 Cubic Feet of Cold

Storage available at EAST POINT. Stores will

be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday

excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

G. K. HAXTON, Manager. [a48]

### HONGKONG 1st April, 1908.

### ORIENTAL HOTEL

TELEPHONE 197.

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Mrs. M. MATTHAEY, Proprietress.

A thoroughly First-Class and Up-to-Date Hotel.

Large and Airy Rooms, affording every comfort

to Residents and Tourists.

Table D'Hôte at Separate Tables.

MODERATE RATES.

Telegraphic address: "Comfort," Hongkong.

For Particulars, apply to

M. MATTHAEY,

Proprietress.

Hongkong, 5th October, 1908. [a43]

### "BOA VISTA"

(HOTEL-SANITARIUM OF SOUTH

CHINA).

MACAO.

**THE Hotel** is under European manage-

ment and most strict supervision as to

food, cleanliness and hygiene of the place.

All comforts of a home.

A most pleasant retreat for those desirous of

a few days rest and quiet.

Comfortable accommodation for travellers

paying a visit to the historical and picturesque

colony of Macao.

Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong.

Two steamers (S. Sui An and Sui Tai) daily to

and from Hongkong, and two steamers to and

from Canton, give easy communication with

both these centres.

Cable Address—"BOAVISTA."

For Terms, apply to

THE MANAGER. [a216]

### VICTORIA HOTEL

SHAMEN—CANTON.

MANAGER—MR. H. HAYNES.

Telegraphic address—"VICTORIA, SHAMEN."

SITUATED ON THE BRITISH CONCESSION.

### MACAO HOTEL.

MACAO.

MANAGER—MR. H. N. BEAUCHEPAIN.

Telegraphic address—"FARMER, MACAO."

SITUATED



## INTIMATION



**A. S. WATSON & CO.**  
LIMITED

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841

**FANCY TOILET  
ARTICLES.**

HANDSOME TOILET SETS,  
SILVER MOUNTED IN FANCY  
LEATHER CASES,  
HANDSOME PUFF BOXES  
CUT GLASS BOXES,  
in Great Variety.

HAIR BRUSHES IN LEATHER CASES,  
PERFUME SPRAYS,  
MANICURE SETS,  
SCISSORS IN CASES.

**RAZORS IN CASES.**

BY THE BEST MAKERS:  
PATENT RAZOR STROPS, SHAVING  
MIRRORS, HAND MIRRORS,  
&c., &c., &c.

**SMOKERS'  
REQUISITES**

A Very Fine Selection in Great Variety—  
MEERSCHAUM AND BEAR PIPES, CALA-  
BASH PIPES, (a Special Assortment),  
SMOKERS' COMPANIONS, MEERSCHAUM  
AND AMBER CIGAR AND CIGARETTE  
HOLDERS, CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES  
in real CROCODILE SKIN, SNAKE SKIN,  
etc., TOBACCO POUCHES IN BEAVER,  
CROCODILE, SNAKE AND DOG SKIN, etc.,  
TOBACCO BOXES AND JARS, ASH TRAYS.

ALL THESE GOODS ARE OF THE  
HIGHEST CLASS  
AND SPECIALLY SELECTED.

**A. S. WATSON & CO.**  
LIMITED,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS AND  
KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1909. [29]

**NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.**  
ONLY communications relating to the news  
column should be addressed to THE EDITOR.  
Correspondents must forward their names and  
addresses with communications addressed to the  
Editor, not for publication but as evidence of  
good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on  
one side of paper only.

No anonymous signed communications that  
have already appeared in other papers will be  
inserted.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS  
should be sent before 11 a.m. on day of  
publication. After that hour the supply is  
limited. Only supply for Cash.  
Telegraphic Address: PRESS.  
Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed. Lieber.  
P. O. Box, 34. Telephone No. 12.

**MARRIAGE.**

On Saturday, December 12th, 1908, in London  
George Harry Dain, to Emily Carr (Miss)  
second daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Albert  
Jackson, of Lexington Spa, Warwickshire, 169  
DEATH.

On December 29th, at Yokohama, CHESTNUT  
HONG TRUCK, the only and beloved son  
of Mr. and Mrs. HERBERT GIMBLE, aged 74 years.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX ROAD C  
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, EC

**The Daily Press.**

HONGKONG, JANUARY 9TH, 1909.

His Excellency the GOVERNOR yesterday  
announced his intention to issue an appeal  
for funds for the endowment of a University  
in Hongkong, and the fate of the proposal,  
which has been much discussed in the  
Colony during the past twelve months, will  
be determined by the measure of support  
which the scheme receives from the general  
public. In the address he delivered at St.  
Stephen's College yesterday, His Excellency  
mentioned that the munificent offer made  
by Mr. H. N. MOBY to provide buildings  
fully adequate for the needs of a University  
remains open for another six months, and,  
if at the end of that period an adequate end-  
owment fund is in sight, he will commence  
to erect the buildings. The result of the  
appeal will be awaited with much interest  
not only in the Colony but far beyond. We  
are now-a-days hearing a good deal about  
universities for China. The Chinese Govern-  
ment itself has recently been giving evidence  
of an intention to establish universities on  
the Western model. Commissioners have  
been sent from Peking to Tokyo to report  
upon the Imperial University of Japan with  
a view to the establishment of a similar

institution in the Chinese capital. It is  
also announced that next Spring the Chinese  
Government will be sending Commissioners  
to Germany to study the higher educational  
methods there with a view to the reorganiza-  
tion of existing Chinese universities, so far  
as possible, on the German model. Then we  
have the German Government establishing  
a university at Kiaochau, "A High School  
for Chinese." It is to be called, but the Ger-  
man Government's intention is to create  
first a commercial high school as a basis for  
technical and medical schools and for in-  
stitutes for political economy, forestry and  
agriculture to be founded later. The  
German Government is providing a sum of  
600,000 marks (£30,000) for the erection  
of the school, and an annual appropriation  
of 150,000 (£7,500) for its maintenance.  
A subsidy has been promised by the Chinese  
Government, which has further shown its  
sympathy with the project by expressing  
its readiness to support the school by  
sending scholars to it. Then we are re-  
minded by a London telegram which appears  
in another column of that more ambitious  
scheme which had its origin in the mind of  
Lord WILLIAM CECIL who has succeeded in  
getting the Universities of Oxford and  
Cambridge to co-operate in furthering it.  
But neither of these schemes, should they  
all reach maturity, would appeal as strongly  
to students in South China as a University  
in Hongkong. A reputation has been  
acquired by the Colony in China as an  
educational centre, and the establishment of  
a University here would be certain to  
attract students from all parts of the  
Empire, but it should, of course, be  
primarily intended for the benefit of those  
who have passed through the schools of the  
Colony. We trust that the GOVERNOR's  
appeal, when it is issued, will meet with a  
response which will justify a decision to  
go forward with the scheme, for a university  
in Hongkong cannot but bring credit and  
renewal to the Colony.

The French Mail of the 8th December, 1908  
was delivered in London on the 7th inst.

The American baseball team defeated a picked  
team at Manila on the 4th inst. by 15 to 2.

His Excellency the Governor has consented to  
distribute the prizes to the boys of the  
Diocesan School and Orphanage next Wednes-  
day.

The subject of discussion at last night's meet-  
ing in connection with the Universal Week of  
Prayer was "Families, education" establish-  
ments and the young.

Sir Henry Blake has contributed to the  
*Nineteenth Century* for December a brief but  
interesting review of the reign of the late  
Empress Dowager of China.

Commissioner W. Cameron Forbes, Secretary  
of Commerce and Police and Vice Governor of  
the Philippines, is expected in Hongkong on  
the 13th and in Manila on the following 19th.

At the Marine Magistrate's Court yesterday  
Commander Basil R. H. Taylor, R.N., fined the  
master of a cargo boat 85, the alternative being  
14 days imprisonment, for making fast to the  
s.s. *Linton* while that vessel was under way.

Captain Wagermann of the P. & A. steamer  
*Nicomedia*, has been drowned in the Straits of  
Shimonoseki. He fell overboard and was not  
seen again. A high sea was running at the  
time.

The Board of Directors of the Y.M.C.A. have  
re-nominated the following gentlemen to  
serve for a further period of three years—  
Hon. H. W. Slade, Dr. J. M. Atkinson, Dr.  
A. P. Wilder, Rev. F. T. Johnson and Mr.  
A. S. D. Couland. They have also nominated  
Mr. A. H. Harris and Mr. J. R. Wood to fill  
vacancies.

The Royal Antislavery Order of Buffaloes  
is bidding fair to recover the ground lost during  
the past year or two. Since the opening of the  
new premises at 20 A. Queen's Road East, the  
attendance of Brethren has steadily increased,  
and the social spirit has played a prominent  
part. On Tuesday evening, January 12, a Hot-  
pot Supper will be provided by Bro. Parkinson,  
G.P., and a number of vocalists is expected to be  
present. The ordinary business of the Lodge  
will commence at 8.30 p.m. prompt, and will  
close punctually at 9 p.m. The supper will be  
served shortly afterwards, followed by a social  
evening, and the invitation is extended to all  
naval and military Brethren, as well as civilians.

At the Magistracy yesterday the second officer  
of the *Footang*, S. Oughton, proceeded  
against a seaman and a deck boy for breaking  
into a steel safe and stealing money to the value  
of \$40. Complainant's story was that while he  
was on duty on the voyage from Penang to  
Singapore the theft was committed. The matter  
was reported to the police at Singapore who  
suspected the deck boy. On the way to Hongkong  
he had reason to believe that both were im-  
plicated, as a five yen note was found in the  
quarters of the second defendant. The deck boy  
blamed the seaman for the theft, alleging that  
he found the latter coming out of the second  
officer's room but was afraid to report the  
matter lest the seaman would beat him as he  
threatened to do. His Worship told the second  
defendant that he did not believe him and  
dismissed the first defendant and a charge of  
receiving stolen property was then preferred  
against the second. However, the captain said he  
did not wish the boy sent to prison and he also  
was discharged.

**PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY'S  
CONCERT.**

Notwithstanding the unfavourable weather  
conditions, the first concert of the Philharmonic  
Society for the new year, held in St. George's  
Hall last night, proved an entire success, both  
from a musical and a spectacular point of view.  
The bleak, uninviting weather did not warrant  
the large attendance present, but those who braved  
the elements were amply repaid by the excellence  
of the programme, which was largely drawn from  
the works of Elgar, the English composer who has  
recently attracted so much attention at home,  
and to whose compositions the orchestra of  
the Philharmonic Society did ample justice.  
His Excellency the Governor anticipated a living  
present, and was defined owing to the illness  
of Lady Lugard. Government House, however,  
was represented by Captain Mitchell-Taylor  
A.D.C., Mr. A. J. Brackenbury, Private  
Secretary, and Miss Henniker.

After the orchestral opening selection "Cher-  
son de matin," followed the part song "Old  
Neptune" by the chorists, which was greatly  
appreciated. Mrs. Grove and Mr. Denman  
Fuller came next with a four-stale (two  
pianos) by Gurliitt, an item displaying  
the musical abilities of the performers and  
deserving the applause which followed their  
effort. A hearty reception awaited Mrs. E. G.  
Barrett as she took the stage to sing "My love  
for you" and "The dawn of Joy," two songs for  
which Mr. Denman Fuller composed the music.  
To the capable accompaniment of that gentle-  
man and the Orchestra Mrs. Barrett did full  
justice, and the encores which followed her song  
bore sufficient testimony to its merit. Mr. Frank  
Grove's fine voice was heard to advantage in the  
song "Britain ask thyself." Broken by a  
powerful male-voiced chorus, it proved an  
excellent item, and there was ample evidence  
that it was appreciated by the audience.

After the interval the Orchestra re-opened  
the programme with "Chanson de Nuit" by  
Elgar, which was much appreciated. The  
Serenade "Lady Rise" (Smart) followed and  
was sung without accompaniment by Mesdames  
Edwards and Goldsmith and Messrs. Edwards  
and Beavis with much acceptance and con-  
siderable applause, to which the quartette  
responded by successfully repeating the last two  
verses. The chorus and orchestra again took  
up the attention of the audience with "To  
Sylvia," a selection from one of Shakespeare's  
works put to music by Schubert. Mrs. Grove  
and Mr. Denman Fuller supplied the next item  
"Scherzo Capriccioso" (two pianos) and well  
filled the breach which would have been other-  
wise occasioned, for Mrs. Cochrane was unable  
to appear through indisposition. "Choral  
Fantasia" comprising ten old English  
airs (Vincent) by the chorus and orchestra  
completed a highly classical and thoroughly  
excellent concert.

**LADY LUGARD'S ILLNESS.**

In the course of an address to the Congress of  
College yesterday His Excellency the Governor  
stated that Lady Lugard was seriously ill, and  
had been in a somewhat dangerous condition  
for the last few days. This announcement,  
we need hardly say, will be received by the  
whole community with the most sincere regret.

**SYNOD OF CATHOLIC BISHOPS.**

Next week the Catholic Bishops of South  
China—the Rt. Rev. L. Masot of Foochow, L.  
Clement of Amoy, J. Lavest of Kwangsi, N.  
Merlet of Canton and B. Pozzoni of Hongkong,  
with their respective theologians will meet at  
the Mission House in Caine Road, to have a  
Synod to discuss matters pertaining to the  
administration of their missions. The Rt. Rev.  
J. Lavest, being indisposed, will be represented  
by his delegate, the Rev. Father C. L. Herand.  
The formal opening of the Synod will take place  
on Sunday at 8 o'clock, when at the Catholic  
Cathedral a Pontifical Mass will be celebrated  
by one of the bishops with the assistance of  
all the other dignitaries and the clergy, to which  
function all Catholics are invited.

**THE INTERNATIONAL OPIUM  
COMMISSION.**

INSTRUCTIONS TO DELEGATES.  
In reply to Mr. Theodore C. Taylor, who  
asked whether he could not give the House  
the terms of reference of the International  
Opium Commission, which is to meet in  
Shanghai in February next.  
Sir Edward Grey stated last month: The  
United States Government have communicated  
to us the terms of their instructions to their  
delegates. These instructions are as follows—  
"1. To devise means to limit the use of  
opium in the possessions of this country."  
"2. To ascertain the best means of suppressing  
opium traffic, if such now exists, among the  
nations of this Government in the Far East."  
"3. To be in a position so that when the  
Commission meets at Shanghai our representa-  
tives may be prepared to co-operate with the  
representatives of participating Powers, and with  
them to offer definite suggestions of measures  
which these Governments may adopt for the  
gradual suppression of opium cultivation, traffic,  
and use within their Eastern possessions, thus  
assisting China in her purpose of eradicating  
the evil from her Empire."  
"4. To be able to inform the whole Commission  
when it assembles regarding regulations and  
restrictions in force at present in this country,  
and to formulate and discuss proposals for  
extending such regulations in points in which  
they may be found in the course of the joint  
investigation to afford the production, commerce,  
use, and disadvantages of opium in the Far  
East."

The British delegates are being furnished  
with instructions on similar lines, but it is not  
known how far this basis has been accepted by  
the other participating Government for the  
guidance of their delegates.  
"Will your Lordship adjourn this case sine  
die?" Mr. Denys, Jr., asked Mr. Justice  
Gompertz in the Summary Court yesterday.  
He followed his application with the remark, "I  
believe the defendant is dead," which caused a  
smile to pass over the features of the Judge, and  
provoked a laugh from members of the bar.

**TELEGRAMS.**

[Protected by the Telegraphic Messages  
Copyright Ordinance, 1894.]

[REUTERS' SERVICE TO THE "HONGKONG  
DAILY PRESS."]

**AUSTRIA AND GREAT  
BRITAIN.**

VIOLENT ATTACK IN A VIENNA  
NEWSPAPER.

LONDON, January 7th.

The attacks in the Vienna news-  
papers on Great Britain have cul-  
minated in an exceptionally violent  
article in the "Neue Freie Presse"  
(the leading journal) complaining bit-  
terly of Great Britain stirring up  
hostility to Austria both in Serbia  
and Turkey.

The article declares that Britain's  
sole aim is to demonstrate the danger  
to any country of standing by Ger-  
many.

**THE CHINA UNIVERSITY  
SCHEME.**

LONDON, January 7th.

At the instance of an influential  
committee of Oxford and Cambridge  
graduates the Rev. Lord William  
Cecil is proceeding to China to study  
the means of establishing an Inter-  
national University for China, with  
the co-operation of the American  
Missions, replacing the numerous  
smaller Missionary educational  
establishments.

The idea underlying the movement  
is to so train Chinese that they may  
eventually fill the chairs of the Uni-  
versity, and replace foreigners in  
the various services of the State.

**AMERICA'S NAVAL  
PROGRAMME.**

LONDON, January 8th.

The United States Government has  
submitted to Congress plans for four  
battleships of 25,000 tons, four  
cruisers and nineteen smaller vessels.  
The estimated cost is seventy-five  
million dollars.

**PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.**

COMMITTEE RESOLUTIONS ON THE  
PRESIDENT'S STRICTURES.

LONDON, January 8th.

The Committee of Congress, ap-  
pointed on the 12th ult. to consider  
what steps should be taken to re-  
buke President Roosevelt for certain  
strictures passed upon Congress in  
his last Message, has submitted re-  
solutions declaring the President's  
reply to the protests of members, in  
which he quoted members' speeches  
in justification of his strictures is not  
a satisfactory answer, and that his  
original language was not respectful  
to the House.

[In his message to Congress President Roose-  
velt scathingly criticised the duties of the secret  
service police, hinting that Congress objected to  
the investigation of the malpractices of certain  
legislators.]

**THE CALAMITY IN ITALY.**

MORE SHOCKS.

LONDON, January 8th.

The foreign warships have left the  
Straits of Messina, the British ships  
receiving an especially warm ovation.  
Violent earthquake shocks were ex-  
perienced at Messina and Calabria  
yesterday.

The Mansion House Fund in aid of  
the relief of the sufferers now amounts  
to £70,000.

**COTTON CLOTH SHIPMENTS.**

A Manchester correspondent writes:—Our  
shipments of cotton piece goods in November  
were on a greatly reduced scale, as expected,  
owing to the lookout in spinning, and the con-  
sequent short time in weaving. The figures  
are 379,000 yards, against 516,000,000  
yards in the corresponding period of last year.  
The principal causes of falling-off were India,  
China, United States, Australia, and Persia.  
Egypt took more than in November, 1907, but  
that was a light month. In yarn, too, the re-  
duced exports were most marked—namely,  
11,500,000 lb., as compared with 22,500,000 lb.  
Germany took very little, and so did Holland.  
This month of December is expected to be a  
small month, making the year a poor one in the  
amount of our total cotton exports. The market  
is dull and dragging. Depression prevails in  
cloth, and yarn is easier. Spinners are losing  
ground in point of margin.

**SUPREME COURT.**

Friday, January 8th.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR SIR FRANCIS  
PIGGOTT (CHIEF JUSTICE).

A PENDING LITIGATION—INTERIM  
INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Sir Henry Berkeley, K.C., who was instructed  
by Mr. O. D. Thomson, moved the Court on  
behalf of Chan Kung Yui and Chan Yu Shi for  
an interim injunction pending the trial of an  
action for libel restraining Lam Kok Sang, his  
agents or servants, from printing, publishing or  
selling a book entitled "Chan Fong Po."

Counsel stated that Mr. Chan Kung Yui was a  
married man, and in this Colony there was a  
publication which gave the names and accom-  
plishments of females in the *demi monde*  
in the Chinese world. This book also con-  
tained portraits of the persons who were  
mentioned in the letterpress. Among those  
persons appeared a portrait of the plaintiff's  
wife, who was herself a plaintiff. A more  
terrible or grosser libel it would be impossible  
to conceive than putting her in such an  
almshouse—an almshouse of the prostitutes of  
the Colony. Of course the court would only  
grant injunctions in libel where the injury was  
serious, but nothing could be more serious than  
this.

His Lordship—Her husband will not have  
cause of action.

Sir Henry Berkeley—He is coupled with her.

His Lordship—He is suing as an independent  
plaintiff.

Sir Henry Berkeley—Yes.

His Lordship—I doubt his cause of action.

I will grant the application but amend the writ.

Sir Henry Berkeley—I would ask that the  
writ be amended by striking out the name of  
the male plaintiff.

His Lordship—I see no objection to the case  
being supported by the affidavit of the plaintiff's  
husband. I mention the matter in case it  
should be taken hereafter.

Sir Henry Berkeley then proceeded to read  
the husband's affidavit which stated that he  
purchased a copy of the book at *The World's*  
News Office on January 6th. The book,  
which purported to contain portraits and de-  
scriptions of prostitutes in Hongkong, had on  
one of its pages the portrait of a  
woman alleged to be called A. Choi, who  
was described as being a prostitute in a  
brothel at Shekhouai. This photograph was  
the exact reproduction of the first plain-  
tiff's wife (Counsel could only assume that  
some enemy had sent this portrait to the  
publisher). She was married to the plaintiff  
according to Chinese custom, and her father  
was formerly a comrade to a merchant at  
Chefoo, and was at present a merchant in Tien-  
tsin. The first plaintiff's father was formerly  
comrade of the Hongkong Club for 30 years.  
The second plaintiff was not, and never had been  
an inmate in a brothel.

Counsel remarked that his Lordship would  
be pleased to hear of the plaintiff's wife's  
respectability.

His Lordship said the plaintiff should file an  
affidavit with regard to the last paragraph of  
her husband's affidavit.

Sir Henry Berkeley stated that in the edition  
of *The World's News*, dated January 6th, an  
advertisement appeared saying that the book  
could be obtained there. It was a book that  
anybody could buy, and its very purpose would  
be defeated unless it was widely circulated. It  
was a book produced for the purpose of adver-  
tising the charms of the ladies of the *demi*  
*monde*.

His Lordship—I think I ought to have some  
official translation of the letterpress.

Sir Henry Berkeley said the translations  
were nearly finished. They did not rely on the  
words being libellous. On the cover of the book  
appeared the words "The Chan Fong Po:  
A Chronicle for those in search of fragrance." In  
other words, it was a guide book to the *demi*  
*monde*. Then it ran on with a detailed account  
of the beautiful faces of the prostitutes whose  
pictures appeared, together with a short history  
of their lives.

His Lordship—Does the book bear the name  
of the publisher?

Sir Henry Berkeley—No, but there is an  
affidavit showing that it was bought at the  
office mentioned. Counsel then read the affidavit  
of Mr. Thomson which showed that in a bond  
under the Newspaper Ordinance the defendant  
was described as the printer and publisher of that  
particular paper.

His Lordship granted the order applied for.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE MR. H. H. J. GOMPERTZ  
(ACTING JUSTICE JUDGE).

A DISPUTED LOAN.

Action was brought by S. Greenfield against  
F. L. Vernon for the recovery of \$76.70 due  
for money lent.

Both parties appeared in person.

S. Greenfield deposed to lending the defend-  
ant in the years 1906-07, but he could not  
remember the dates. He advanced him \$70 in  
cash, to pay for furniture and clothing, and the  
\$6.70 was for work done at plaintiff's factory.  
Witness had had no repayment, and had received  
no interest.

Plaintiff was cross-examined by defendant.

Was I in the Colony in 1906?—I don't re-  
member the year, but I remember lending you  
the money to buy furniture.

Defendant then took the witness stand. He  
stated that in October 1906 he was in receipt  
of reserve pay of \$90, and was employed at  
Quarry Bay. With that money he bought  
furniture, and then removed into one of Mr.  
Greenfield's houses. In January last year he  
was sued for \$30 odd by Chung Cheong. Being  
in difficulties at the time, witness asked Mr.  
Greenfield to keep an eye on his furniture while  
he attended the Court. The bill in plaintiff's  
possession were handed at the time by witness.

His Lordship—This bill (produced) says you  
borrowed \$50 from the plaintiff?—No, my lord.  
I gave it to him simply to defeat the execution.  
That's a rather serious matter.—The money  
was paid up shortly afterwards.  
You say the plaintiff's story is absolutely  
trumped up?—It's purely a fabrication.  
Plaintiff, recalled, was examined by his  
Lordship.

Don't you remember in what amount you lent  
these sums?—There are so many Europeans  
living in my houses who have always been in  
the habit of coming and borrowing a dollar or  
two that I can't remember dates. In this case  
I would not have prosecuted only the defendant  
lied to me so often. He made many promises,  
but never offered to pay me a cent.

He says you never lent him any money.—He  
would not give me an acknowledgment unless I  
lent him some.

You say his story is not true?—Certainly  
not.

His Lordship (to defendant)—You admit you  
handed over these papers to defeat an execution.  
That is a fraudulent purpose.

Defendant—It was not exactly fraudulent.

In that case why didn't you get these papers  
back at once?—I told defendant to tear them  
up. They were of no further use.

Judgment was entered for plaintiff.

**CANTON.**

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

January 7th.

OPPOSITION TO NEW TAXATION.

There is trouble brewing at present regarding  
a new tax which the Revenue Bureau intends  
to place on the pawnshops. Hitherto these  
establishments have been carried on under  
licenses, and it was distinctly understood that no  
changes were to be made or any additional taxes  
to be levied. If the authorities insist there will  
be serious trouble as the closing of the pawn-  
shops (which has already been threatened) at this  
time of the year will provoke a tremendous  
uproar and a serious conflict between officials  
and public. There is an opportunity for the  
Self-Government Society to act up to its motto.  
This they have not done so far and are not likely  
to do. It is another case in point which con-  
clusively proves that the Association's aim is  
essentially anti-foreign.

The following is a translation of an express  
circulated by the employees of all the pawnshops  
in Canton—

"We beg respectfully to inform the public that  
the Government Stamp Revenue Bureau has  
repeatedly insisted upon the pawnshops applying  
for stamped papers to be used for pawn tickets,  
and we have been informed that, if we refuse to  
do so, each pawnshop must pay a royalty of  
20 per cent. per annum to the Education Bureau.  
If we also decline to pay this the Government has  
decided to demand payment to them of 10 per cent.  
of the interest charged by pawnshops on money  
advanced upon certain articles such as wooden  
to be applied to educational purposes. The  
would be very inconvenient to use these Gov-  
ernment stamped papers. Moreover the pawn-  
brokers find business to be daily declining and  
the articles pawned have been depreciating in  
value. These are our reasons for refusing to  
pay the royalty demanded. Moreover it is dis-  
tinctly stated in the pawnshop licenses issued  
by the Bureau of Local Affairs that no  
addition will be made to the taxes in future, and  
on the face of this, why should the proprietors  
allow the introduction of new regulations and  
permit the authorities to introduce whatever taxes  
they like? We understand that it is the intention  
of the Stamp Revenue Bureau to use force and  
take oppressive measures involving us in serious  
trouble which we cannot avoid. The authorities  
do not know that the 10 per cent. deducted out  
of the money advanced to people who pawn articles  
are given to the employees of the pawnshops as a  
bonus to make up for the low wages they receive.  
This custom has been in vogue for over a century.  
Now the Viceroy has issued a notification to the  
above effect and Li Tak Po has instituted an  
action against the Him Tai pawnshop for de-  
ducting 10 per cent. out of the money advanced  
to him on articles pawned by him, because it  
was not stated on the pawn tickets that the 10  
per cent. is deducted for educational  
purposes. If we are to be deprived of this  
bonus of 10 per cent. our wages will be  
insufficient for the up-keep of our own families.  
We have all agreed to resign our positions and  
go into other employment to keep body and  
soul alive. We respectfully beg to inform our  
proprietors to engage other people to take up  
our positions."

This express is issued by all the employees  
of the pawnshops in Canton.

**WEATHER REPORT.**

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued  
the following report:—

On the 8th at 11.55 a.m.—The barometer  
has risen generally, more decidedly in the North  
than in the South.



ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE  
EXTENSION.THE GOVERNOR'S STATEMENT ON THE  
UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

Yesterday morning the foundation stone of the wing being added to St. Stephen's College was formally laid by His Excellency the Governor in the presence of a considerable number of European and Chinese friends. Prayer having been offered up by the Rev. Hewitt, the Warden made the following statement.

The Rev. E. J. Barnett said:—Your Excellency, my Lord Bishop, Ladies and Gentlemen:—The important event in which we are taking part to-day offers a fitting opportunity for reviewing in brief the short history of St. Stephen's College. The inception of the college was due to the foresight and energy of the Venerable Archdeacon Banister, and to the encouragement given to the suggestion by such Chinese gentlemen as the Honourable Dr. Ho Kai, C.M.G., and the Honourable Mr. Wei Yuk, C.M.G. In February 1902, on the motion of Archdeacon Banister, the Church Missionary Society South China Conference passed a resolution urging upon the Parent Committee of the C.M.S. the desirability of establishing a College of Western learning in Hongkong, having as its leading principles:—(1) That the College be a missionary institution. (2) That at least two University graduates be maintained on its staff. (3) That the College be self-supporting. About a year later, in March 1903, the College was opened under the direction of the College Council consisting of the Right Reverend the Bishop of the Diocese, the Secretary of the Church Missionary Society in South China, and the Warden of the College—the Rev. E. J. Barnett, M.A., the present Warden, being placed in charge. Subsequently the Rev. F. T. Johnson, M.A., and Dr. J. H. Saunders were elected members of the Council. Working upon the principles before enunciated the College has steadily progressed. In six years the attendance has risen from 7 to 125 students. The teaching staff has multiplied from 2 to 6 English masters, four of whom are University graduates, and the Chinese staff from one to four teachers. The income has kept pace with the expenditure, the students paying fully in the cost of their education. Further, the inculcation of morality based upon the Christian Scriptures, through daily lessons therein, has made for the development of character and good citizenship. Thus the principles laid down in the resolution of Conference mentioned have been adhered to, and find their justification in to-day's proceedings. Some three years ago it became evident that an enlargement of accommodation would soon be necessary to meet increasing demands from students. The late Right Reverend Bishop Hoare, D.D., spent some of his last hours in Hongkong before leaving on that fatal voyage in Canton, and safeguarding the interests of the College. These memoranda form the basis of our present extension scheme. Through disaster and depression in the Colony the erection of additional buildings was delayed, but their need was not forgotten. His Lordship the Bishop has won not a few friends for the College, and during his furlough in England the Warden was able to interest many members of the Society in its welfare. On his return to Hongkong, in September last, a committee of Chinese gentlemen was at once formed for the purpose of raising funds, consisting of parents and guardians of scholars, having Mr. Lai Kwai Pui as chairman, Mr. S. W. T. as secretary, and Mr. Chan Sin Ki as treasurer, with the direct assistance of the Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, and other gentlemen. The secretary and treasurer of the building fund, together with the members of committee have gratuitously devoted much time to our project. The present plans include the erection of a three-storied building providing masters' quarters, suitable accommodation for over thirty boarders, dining hall, assembly hall, and offices. Mr. Lai Kwai Pui by a generous gift of \$5,000 set an example of liberality which assured success to our undertaking. (Applause.) Other gentlemen have readily followed with subscriptions as under:—Mr. Lai Kwai Pui, \$5,000; Mr. Cheung Sam Woo, \$1,000; Mr. Lo Cho Shan, \$1,000; Mr. Lau Po Tsun, \$1,000; Mr. Chin Yu Tin, \$500; Mr. Ng Li Hing, \$500; Mr. Wong Shiu Tong, \$500; Mr. Yue Yauk Lan, \$500; Mr. Yang Yik Tung, \$500; Mr. Chan Tung Shen, \$500; Mr. Fung Chun Yuen, \$500; Mr. Lo Man Leung and Bros., \$500; Mr. Leung Hin Cho, \$500; Mr. Ng Pak To, \$500; Mr. Ip Hok Ling, \$500; Dr. Wan Tun Mo, \$400; Mr. Chao Sin Ki, \$300; Mr. Wong Fa Nung, \$300; Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, \$200; Mr. S. W. T. \$200; Mr. Mok Tso Chun, \$200; Mr. Cheong Wo Hin, \$200. These figures do not emphasise what we already know—the ready liberality of our Chinese fellow-citizens when they are invited to supply substantial evidence of their interest in any movement which commends itself to their judgment. Donors to the building fund also secure the right to nominate near relations for vacancies as they occur. Such nominees do not receive any financial advantage; but on admission they will be given preference over the sons of non-subscribers—a privilege appreciated at present, and one likely to increase in value in the near future. The motive underlying these gifts therefore is not that of charity. Friends of the College recognise that it is the duty of every man to provide for the education of his own children. From the beginning students of St. Stephen's have paid fees efficiently high to meet the whole expense of the working of the College, with the exception of the Warden's stipend. Instead therefore of asking the Church Missionary Society to spend large sums of money upon buildings, parents and guardians have come forward with promises to furnish the cost of erecting a new wing to the College to enable us to fulfil our obligations to the students with more satisfaction to ourselves and to them.

None the less we, on our part, recognise the generous spirit which animates our benefactors and we greatly appreciate this mark of their confidence in our educational methods of which they have now had six years' experience. The College Council is glad to have this opportunity of publicly thanking them one and all for the sympathy and encouragement received from those already mentioned the name of still another erstwhile friend, no longer with us, Mr. Wei On, whose name is perpetuated in the Wei On Scholarship. This fulcrum of parental confidence and appreciation has rendered our task of raising St. Stephen's College comparatively easy. Nay more, it has incited us to responsive sympathy and exertion, with the happy result that to-day we stand side by side, united in one purpose, viz.—the education of Chinese youth on liberal lines, to meet modern requirements, with the fabric of our educational system for character-building based upon 'the fear of God' which 'is the beginning of wisdom.' Chinese gentlemen have all along given such valuable suggestions in every movement towards advance that the council hopes in the further development and management of the College. The College Council heartily welcomes the proposal for a University in Hongkong. Three years ago we drew attention to the new need arising in our midst for those Chinese students who wished to continue their studies at home, and to specialise in certain branches of learning. We feel sure that your Excellency's timely effort in this direction will meet with the speedy success it deserves. When paper plans have materialised into University buildings, we trust it will be recognised that the Chinese gentlemen who are raising this present building, have, in so doing, not only exhibited a public spirit as benefactors of the Colony, but have also contributed in no small degree to those wider educational plans in which we are all interested. We believe further, that this College, when called upon, will be found ready and able to fulfil whatever part may be allotted it in assisting to carry through a sound scheme of great education for the rising generation of the great nation for which St. Stephen's exists. It has therefore been both a privilege and a special pleasure to invite Your Excellency in the name of the College Council and of parents and guardians of our students to attend this important function of laying the foundation stone of the south wing of St. Stephen's College. (Applause.)

FUNG LAN TAI, a student then came forward and in the name of the students of St. Stephen's College said he had much pleasure in handing His Excellency a silver trowel.

The GOVERNOR accepted the trowel with an expression of thanks.

Thereupon Bishop LANDER said that it would be his privilege to make a few remarks later, but he felt they must congratulate the College on the progress of their work. He added that no one had taken a greater interest in the college than His Excellency and they were thankful to have him with them that day.

The box of records having been inserted, His EXCELLENCY laid the stone, using for the purpose the silver trowel with which he had been presented. At the close he said "I declare this stone well and truly laid." This was followed by applause.

The company then adjourned to the temporary building where His Lordship the Bishop presided. He explained that the Chinese inscription on the foundation stone was as follows: "Church Missionary Society This stone was laid by His Excellency Sir Frederick Lugard, K.C.M.G., Governor of Hongkong, 8th January, 1909. The entire cost of the erection of this south wing of St. Stephen's College was borne by parents and guardians of the students."

His EXCELLENCY said:—My Lord Bishop, ladies and gentlemen, last year about this time, when I had the pleasure and privilege of distributing the prizes at St. Stephen's College your Warden, the Rev. Barnett, was absent on leave in England. We are glad to welcome him back amongst us and to see him again at the scene of his successful work in this college. His place was taken for the time being by the Venerable Archdeacon Banister, who, perhaps more than any other man, may claim to be the founder of St. Stephen's College. We have to deplore his absence to-day, for he has gone home for a well-earned rest after many years of hard work in the Far East. It may be that his health and advancing years may render it necessary for him to remain in England. If so this colony will lose a very devoted and able man and this college especially will lose an indefatigable friend who has, since its inception, been always ready to assist and help in every way in his power. We hope, however, we may see him back amongst us, and if he comes he will inaugurate, as I may say, the second phase of the existence of St. Stephen's College. For with the extension of the buildings, the foundation stone of which I have had the pleasure of laying, St. Stephen's College may be said to enter upon the second phase of its existence. I hope and trust that the second phase may be no less successful and even more successful than the first phase has been. (Applause.) Your Warden in the address which he has just delivered alluded to the subject of the University for Hongkong. It was on this platform a year ago that I gave expression to the thoughts which were in my mind on this matter. I said how much I should like to see Hongkong set an example to the various colonies in the East and establish a university in this colony. I confess that when I used those words I had very little idea that I should ever see them fruitful or that it was any more than a dream of what I should wish to see happen. I little thought that they would have the result that they had. Within a few days our generous follow-

citizen, Mr. Mody, informed me that he had read the words I had used here, and that the project struck him as a most excellent and sound one, and he was prepared to come forward and present buildings fully adequate for the needs of a university whatever the cost might be (applause). Since that time we have carried on negotiations with the Hongkong College of Medicine which I wish to incorporate in the university, and meetings have been held at Government House to discuss how the project might be fulfilled. In a word the position to-day is that Mr. Mody's offer remains open for six months, and if at the end of that period an adequate endowment fund is in sight he will commence to erect the buildings. I hope to-morrow to issue a paper which I have drawn up in the form of an appeal stating the objects and the scope of the university, and asking all to help to raise the endowment fund. The project of a university is one which is very important to this college. I hope that St. Stephen's will provide many of the undergraduates for the Hongkong university. They will be able to complete their education. Many, perhaps, who would not be able to go to England would be able to gain similar education here, and others would be able to enter upon a university course without being exiled in a foreign country for a long period of years. The project will always remain associated in my mind with St. Stephen's College, because it was here that the first words were spoken which led to the scheme taking practical thought. Ladies and gentlemen, I have been tempted into what really is, somewhat of a digression on the subject of this university in consequence of the allusion to it by the Warden in the address he has delivered, but my presence here to-day is primarily to lay the foundation for the extension of the buildings of this college. In the first place I must thank you most heartily, the students and boys of St. Stephen's, for the beautiful trowel which you have given me and which will always remain in my home in England as a memento of to-day (applause). In the second place I must say with very great regret my wife is unable to be here to-day, as she would have wished, because she is lying seriously ill, and has been in a somewhat dangerous condition for the last few days. She would have, had it been possible, desired very much to be present to-day and to witness the laying of the foundation stone. I congratulate you most heartily on the public spirit and generosity which has enabled you to raise the subscriptions without appealing to the mission funds for the extension of these buildings. I am glad to hear in the report that has been read that a portion of the buildings is to be devoted to residential quarters for boarders. The aim of the founders of this college was to develop the character of the boys and not merely to train their intellects and, in my opinion, as I have said before, since I have been in the colony there is no way in which that can be better done than by having boarders in the schools who can mix in the daily intercourse of social life with the masters and staff and where they can be influenced for good in all their relations in life. I am confident that the tone of St. Stephen's will always remain a pride and a pleasure to those who take an interest in the school and to those who have contributed to the funds. My Lord Bishop, ladies and gentlemen, I most earnestly and heartily wish you success. Success to the new wing which we have inaugurated to-day, success to St. Stephen's College on its wider basis when the wing is completed and the college can grow to its full dimensions (applause).

The WARDEN having read the report which dealt with the progress of the college

BISHOP LANDER addressed the assembly. He said he was sure they would all agree with him in congratulating the Warden on the excellent report he had just read. He felt that they were making history that day. His Excellency's remarks made last year had so fructified that a university had almost come into sight. He remembered something he had said twelve months ago—that he had dreamt of a new building for St. Stephen's College. He did not know then that his dream was soon to be realised and that twelve months from then His Excellency was to be with them to lay the foundation stone of that new building. He felt that indeed they were making rapid progress in the cause of education in this Colony. He cordially agreed with what Mr. Barnett had said that they could assure His Excellency of their most hearty co-operation in the scheme for a University and that all connected with the College would do all they could to help him. He thought that day's function was a very striking testimony of the work done by Archdeacon Banister and the Rev. Mr. Barnett. His only regret was that the Archdeacon was not with them that day, though he knew he was in his thought and spirit, though not actually, in bodily presence. It was an evidence of the good feeling that existed between the British and Chinese. On the one hand the British nation had sent some of its most able men to work out here in educational matters, men who could have obtained good positions anywhere in the world. The Chinese had appreciated that by a kindly feeling of reciprocity. He had one of the greatest compliments ever paid him in his life paid him last March when some Chinese gentleman who had heard he was going to England asked him to take their sons to England and put them in the best English schools and universities. He had taken it as a very great compliment and deemed it a very great privilege to take these young men home. He hoped they were making good progress, these past students of this college. That day they had a remarkable evidence of the reciprocity of the Chinese in that their new building was being paid for by the parents and guardians of the students in the school (applause). The Chinese trusted the College and they could assure the Chinese that they would do their best to show that trust was never misplaced.

Then they had also witnessed that day the value of Christian ethics. They believed that the great object of education was to form character, and that there was nothing that tended to form character better than a knowledge of the Christian scriptures. At the College this was systematically taught. The Chinese sent their boys there with that understanding, and although every liberty was given them, there was never the smallest attempt at proselytising. The College was there because they believed in the scriptures and endeavoured to teach them. He thanked His Excellency for being with them that day, and he congratulated the Council and all connected with the College on the splendid success of the gathering. He asked His Excellency to present the prizes.

His EXCELLENCY, who on rising, was received with applause, said, My Lord Bishop, Ladies and Gentlemen: I have already spoken at some length in the remarks that I have already made on the subject of the university. I was tempted to speak at some length in consequence of what the Warden had said. He has returned again to the charge and he has given expression to his views as to the faculties which should be included in the university, and as to its general scope. I would only say one word. It is, I think, at present premature to say what faculties or chairs shall be included in the university scheme until we are quite certain that the scheme will fructify. His Lordship has said that we might regard it as almost certain—I forget his words—that it was almost an assured project. I am afraid it is hardly so yet. We shall not know until we see whether friends will come forward to subscribe the endowment fund which is necessary before we begin building. I heartily agree with the Warden that it is advisable to have an Arts degree, if it is possible. That will depend on the funds raised, and the professional staff which we shall be able to engage. But decision on these matters will rest with the Council or synd which shall be appointed to manage it when once it takes actual form. We have heard the report of the past year. I am sorry that the number of boys is not quite so large as last year. Last year it was 125 and this year 136. Also that boys for the Oxford-Cambridge are not quite so many. Last year there were thirteen, and this year nine. But the Rev. Warden has explained to us that the reason was that a serious epidemic of plague interfered with the curriculum of education and that the school had to be temporarily closed. I hope that you will return to, and exceed, the numbers of 1907. I should like to offer congratulations also on this excellent college magazine. I had not seen it before. I was for several years editor of my college magazine, and I take a great interest in all college magazines. I never fail to look at the Dragon Magazine from Queen's College, and I hope you will do me the honour of letting me see yours also. Before I present the prizes I would offer hearty congratulations to those who have been successful either in winning prizes or certificates, and to those who have not been successful I would urge the taking to heart of the excellent and sound advice given by the Warden that failure should only promote renewed and extended exertions. I wish you all very happy holidays, and a happy new year as Chinese New Year begins (applause).

The Rev. Mr. Barnett explained that last year they had 151 students actually on the roll during the year. They closed this year with a roll of 125 names. As a matter of fact they had more students attending this year than last.

The prizes were afterwards distributed by His EXCELLENCY, and the proceedings terminated with cheers for the Governor.

THE CANTON MEDICAL  
COLLEGE.

INTERESTING ADDRESSES TO THE STUDENTS.

That noble woman Dr. Mary H. Fulton of Canton, must have felt pride on Thursday, January 7th, when for the seventh time a contingent of foreign-trained Chinese doctors graduated from the E. A. Hackett Medical College for Women, of which she is the moving spirit.

The Theodore Cuyler Native Church was most beautifully decorated by the Chinese for the occasion, and crowded with students, their friends, and guests, including the Taotai representing the newly-established Bureau of Commerce and Industry. The Viceroy, unable to be present, sent his secretary; and other Chinese officials were present in their elaborate dress.

The programme began with a hymn by the fifty medical students, young women of good Chinese family uniformly dressed in gray. It was an imposing sight to see this body of cultivated Chinese young women. The Rev. Robert Chambers led the devotional exercises. Mrs. Ku sang a solo acceptably; Dr. Fulton presented diplomas to the seven graduates; Dr. Lo Shau Wan presented a prize to the best student of the graduating class, and the Ven. Dr. H. N. Noyes pronounced the benediction. After this tea was served in one of the houses of the compound.

There is a school of nursing in connection with this Medical College and the extensive hospital all under American Presbyterian auspices. The nurses were garbed in white and their bright interested faces suggested what beneficent contact with foreign influence does for them. Mr. Willard B. Hull, the American Vice-Consul General in charge at Canton, presided and addresses were made by Dr. Amos P. Wilder, American Consul-General at Hongkong; Dr. McCracken of the Canton Christian College; Dr. Holt Chang of the Government Army Medical College, who spoke on midwifery; and by the Taotai.

Dr. WILDER congratulated the young graduate doctors on their election of a busy, full life in preference to one of decorative idleness or

of profitless trivialities. They had received equipment, he said, beyond their sisters and it was given to them to illustrate in China, where women had been confessedly intellectually bound as well as foot-bound, what a woman with a well-trained mind can do. It was useless to deny that many in all countries questioned the wisdom of the higher education of women. Some of this objection was due to selfishness in men who find it more convenient to keep women from knowing too much and so competing with them. It gratifies the vanity of lazy and selfish men to have women ignorant and inefficient. The presence of alert-minded and informed women is a rebuke to such. No one ever heard of a thug, a drunken loafer, a home tyrant who favoured the enlightenment of women. He is the loudest against their development, whether it be advanced study, a vote to protect their property, or the study of medicine. He believes they should keep "their place."

But, apart from this opposition, which may be disregarded, many men whose opinion must be respected look with something of terror on the participation of women in activities other than "children, church, and cooking," because they fear they will lose their charm and spirit of womanhood, perhaps despise the mission of their sex and seek to become men. This is indeed a peril to be guarded against, for nothing is more repulsive than a woman who scorns her lot as woman and discredits her qualities. It is your part to show that medical training and the opportunity it gives for helping women and children do not war on womanly modesty and gentleness, but rather enrich the character and give it strength. Such a womanly equipment may clash with the traditions of those who count woman a toy or a slave, but it appeals to those who admire women of good mind and an intelligent, sympathetic and efficient interest in life. You thus have a double mission, not only to alleviate pain and restore strength, but to build up among the Chinese an ambition to educate their daughters as well as their sons, and to open doors for full, rich life for Chinese women. There is no finer charm, as there is no greater dignity, than that of a cultivated woman of a race, who has not lost touch with any of her own sex, who can converse on general topics, who loves children, who is attractive to both and is able to help both.

It is charged against the Chinese that they are mercenary and the fear is expressed that as young doctors, working among your sex, you may think more of the fees you earn than of the good you may do. It is not alone among the Chinese that the dollar is for ever in mind. However, the best work in all lines is done by those who take pride in their work as such and to whom the compensation is incidental. This is especially true in medicine, which has something of the nature of a sacred calling, so much so that among the Chinese the dignified practice of a "honourarium" rather than "pay" lingers; the patient leaves his fee of uncertain amount on the table as he goes out. It is said of some professors in German universities that often they do not know what their salaries are; they are so much absorbed in their work that the matter of income is irrelevant to them. Agassiz, the American scientist, when asked to lecture for a large fee, replied that he was too busy to think of money when curing the sick; but it may be said that the great ones in your profession do not work primarily for money. They know a zeal and enthusiasm rare in other callings, and work for the love of science as shown by some of the best work being done by Chinese graduates. As graduates of a Christian school, you may have even a higher motive than love of abstract science, even of humanity. If you fail to have a growing list of charity patients—of the poor who can pay you nothing—you will be ranked as mercenary and you will discredit this School founded in the name of Him who went about doing good, without money and without price.

It is common to hear people say they favour and will support medical missions and missionary schools, but they have no sympathy with the preaching department of missions. You have lived with missionaries here and see the false reasoning. You have seen in the life and thought of the Fultons and others of those who have helped you to this education, that Christian teaching is the inspiration of this work; without it there would be no medical college. Medical missions and missionary schools are the fruits of Christian principles; if the latter are not preached, there will be none of the former. You do not know any doctors working among the Chinese without fees who have not the Christian inspiration; you never heard of a foreigner coming to China and teaching for the love of it; only those come with the Christian motive power behind them. And so the missionary is more important than the doctor or the teacher. Jesus did not say "Go and establish medical schools for every creature"; he said "Preach the Gospel to every creature," for He knew the medical training, popular education and every good thing would follow. Dr. McDonald, who was so cruelly murdered on the West River, and who the Chinese so mourned, was busy with his healing, but if you read his life you will find much more about Christianity than healing. He knew the latter was incidental; the purpose that glowed in his great soul was to kindle the principles of Christ among the Chinese. For a man to say, "I approve medical missions but I disapprove missionary preaching" is as if one said, "I admire the rose but recommend that the stalk be cut down." Or as if he enjoyed the benefit of the electric lights of a city and had contempt for the modest and obscure power house that made the light possible.

The following is a translation of the address of the TAOTAI to the successful candidates of the Hackett Medical College for Women. The 16th of the 12th moon of the Mo Shau Year being the day on which your esteemed College celebrates the occasion of your students' completing their term of study, I, the Taotai, by order and on behalf of the Viceroy of the Two Kwangs, attend this meeting to-day and deliver the following address:— "In Western countries Medical Colleges for men and women are equally held in high

CURE FOLLOWED  
YEAR OF AGONY

Intense Itching Eczema Drove Him Nearly to Despair—Chief Surgeon of a London Hospital Called It Worst Case He Had Ever Seen—Got Little or No Relief Until

CUTICURA STOPPED HIS  
UNBEARABLE TORTURE

"About four years ago, in London, I was troubled by a severe itching and dry, scurfy skin on my ankles and feet. The agony, in a few days, in a case which my wife and I had to keep from scratching, which I need hardly say, was a very bad case of eczema. After ten days, thousands of small red pimples formed. On becoming dry, these caused intense itching. I was advised to go to the hospital for diseases of the skin. I did so and was an out-patient for a month or more, the chief surgeon advised me to use Cuticura. I never saw such a bad case of eczema. But I got little or no relief. Then I tried many so-called remedies, but I became so bad that I almost gave up in despair. On coming to this country I heard so many accounts of cures by Cuticura Remedies that I resolved to try them. I used Cuticura Ointment for twelve months, and right glad am I that I did so, for I was relieved of the almost unbearable itching after two or three applications of Cuticura Ointment. I continued its use, combined with a liberal use of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, and am more than thankful to say that after using three sets of the Remedies, I was completely cured. I can only say, about any cure, that if I did, I hope that they will do as I did, and I am sure of the results. Henry B. Scarle, 6 Cross St., Little Rock, Ark., U.S.A., Oct. 8 and 10, 1907."

Send to nearest depot for free Cuticura Book on Treatment of Skin Diseases. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. A Single Set of Cuticura Remedies costs 25c. Cuticura Soap, 25c. Cuticura Resolvent Pills, 25c. Cuticura Ointment, 25c. Cuticura Remedies are sold by all druggists and chemists. Cuticura Remedies are sold by all druggists and chemists. Cuticura Remedies are sold by all druggists and chemists.

54-24

estem. Formerly the Americans established a hospital for women in Canton called the "Yan Tai" and subsequently established the present College and had gathered various ladies and taught them the method of delivering the people of this world, which is a very good idea. All the ladies have used their utmost endeavours to learn and have now succeeded in their study. From this time forward they would make good use of their profession and be brilliant lights among the females so as to comply with the excellent idea of a nation with whom we maintain a cordial relation and at the same time realise the pleasure and hope of our Vicery. May you female students all pick up your courage. I also congratulate your esteemed College on its future career.

Dr. McCracken, of the Canton College, then delivered an address of which the following is an abstract:—In every country physicians are now thinking more about the prevention of disease and less about the cure. They are beginning to realize that the greatest good can be done by treating people before they are sick. It is believed by many people that most, if not all, disease, can be stamped off the face of the earth. What a gigantic undertaking! Yet enough has already been done to make such a project seem quite possible. Look at Europe and America. Small pox are practically extinct. Cholera, and diseases have been greatly lessened in virulence. Every year brings out new and better ways of treating those diseases that are left so that we have every reason to believe that, within another generation, many of these will be numbered with those that are not. How has this been accomplished? By the earnest, hard faithful work of intelligent men trained in scientific medicine and backed by the Government. Considering disease a great enemy, in fact, the greatest enemy of a country, most Governments have organized to destroy disease. In the United States each State has its Board of Health while each large city has its own board which is responsible for the city's people. Take New York City, for example, where probably as much is done and done as well as in any other city in the Union. That city hires a great many well-trained doctors to form what is called a Board of Health. This body of men are made responsible for the health conditions of New York City. They find ways to control health conditions. The following are some of the laws which are now in force in New York City:—(1) Every contagious disease must be at once reported to the Board of Health. (2) No person with a contagious disease is allowed to enter the United States from another country. (3) Every child must be vaccinated. Hospitals for the care of all important contagious diseases are provided. In these ways most of the worst contagious diseases are kept out of New York City. Sometimes a small pox or small pox, but the knowledge that we now have enabled the Board of Health doctors very soon to stop the disease. With universal vaccination, small pox has become almost extinct. Among the 90,000,000 people of the United States you find as much small pox in a month as you could find in Canton in one day. In every country a great many people die each year from bowel trouble. Especially is this so among the children. Most of these diseases causing germs are carried either in the food or in the water the people drink. This Board of Health endeavours to secure through the Government, pure clean drinking water for every citizen. All the foods that are for sale in the markets are inspected. No poisonous or decayed foods are permitted to be sold. Milk, so commonly used in America, is closely inspected daily. By this careful inspection of all foods and drinks the Board of Health has been able to lessen greatly the number of deaths from bowel diseases. Most of the so-called anti-opium pills are opium in another form, so that when a person takes them, of course, he does not get to smoke opium, but the pill habit is even worse than the smoking habit. Patent medicines are almost without exception frauds which do far more harm than good. Leave them alone. We see canals half full of dirt with decaying filth and animals at the bottom. These places are the finest possible for the growing of disease germs. Each city should furnish a system of sewers which will carry away all waste, all filth; so that there is no place left where disease germs can grow.



## NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, and special business matter THE MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telegraphic Address: PRESS CODES: A.B.C. 5th Ed. Lieber's.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## TO LET.

FURNISHED, THE BLUFF No. 107, the Peak, 5-roomed Bungalow with Tennis Court. March to July. Rent \$150.

Apply—  
L. GIBBS,  
6, Bensonfield Arcade.  
Hongkong, 9th January, 1909. [160]

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.  
(Florio and Rubattino United Companies.)

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM BOMBAY AND SINGAPORE.

## THE Steamship

“CAPRI”  
having arrived from the above Ports. Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., whence delivery may be obtained. Perishable Goods to be taken delivery of immediately.

All Claims must be sent to the Office of the undersigned before Noon on the 16th inst., or they will not be recognised.

All Claims will be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 15th inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 15th inst. at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 8th January, 1909. [4]

## THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS &amp; CHINA OVERLAND TRADER REPORT

is now ready and contains—

Epitomes of the Week's News.

Leading Articles:

Trade Depression in England.

The Calamity in Italy.

Yuan Shih Kai's Downfall.

America and China.

Reform in China.

Random Reflections.

Hongkong News.

Sanitary Board.

The Canton Hankow Railway Loan.

A New Baronet.

His Excellency's Private Secretary.

New Year Meeting.

A Dishonest Boy.

Kulangsu (Amoy) Municipal Council.

Supreme Court.

H.M.S. “King Alfred” at Saigon.

Far Eastern Telegrams.

Chinese Imperial Edicts.

Commercial.

Shipping.

Extra copies 30 cents each, Cash.

Copies can be posted from the Office to

addresses sent; including postage 34 cents each

or \$1 Cash for three copies.

Subscription: \$12 per annum, payable in

advance: postage 82.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

## STEAM LAUNCHES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, with Immediate Possession,

that well-known and excellently finished

STEAM YACHT the “CANADA.” Also the

STEAM LAUNCH “SWALLOW.” Both

Launches are in excellent repair and are for

sale with Immediate Possession at extremely

low Prices.

Apply—

MR. H. PERCY SMITH,

Chartered Accountant,

5, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 8th January, 1909. [155]

## FOR SALE A Quantity of NETTING

for TENNIS COURTS, etc., at less

than half cost.

TABLE BILLIARD SETS, SEATE BEDS, from

\$0.00. May be seen by appointment.

CHINA EXPRESS CO.,

3, DUNDRELL STREET.

Hongkong, 28th November, 1908. [50]

## A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

IN COMMEMORATION WE WILL

AVE AWAY TO EVERY PURCHASER

ONE ARTICLE OF EXCEPTIONAL

VALUE.

COME ONE COME ALL!

HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,

No. 14, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1909. [41]

## PHILATELIC NOVELTY

suitable for

NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

Bags of used Postage Stamps.

Containing:

1 Asiatic Stamps.

1000 for \$8.00.

4000 for \$4.50.

7000 for 7.00.

10000 for 5.00.

20000 for 2.00.

30000 for 1.00.

40000 for 50c.

50000 for 25c.

60000 for 15c.

70000 for 10c.

80000 for 5c.

90000 for 2c.

100000 for 1c.

Stamps in Packets and Sets at prices to

everybody.

VIEW POSTCARDS, ALBUMS, HINGES,

&c., &c.

Inspection invited. GRACA & Co.

No. 27, Des Vieux Road.

## INTIMATIONS

## HONGKONG CLUB.

## NOTICE.

MR. JAMES CRAIK has This Day been appointed Secretary.

H. P. WHITE,

Chairman.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1909. [151]

## HARBOUR MASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

## IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that in-

formation has been received from the

MILITARY AUTHORITIES that GUN

PRACTICE will be carried out as under—

From 4th to 23rd January, 1909—

From Customs Pass and Chin Lan Chu

over the area Kaulung Peak, Tates Cairn,

Buffalo Hill, Razor Hill and High Junk

Peak, at ranges up to 10,000 yards, com-

mencing at 10 A.M. daily, and finishing

at 4 P.M.

If the weather is unfavourable on any of the

above dates, practice will take place on the

following day.

All ships, junks and other vessels are to keep

clear of the ranges.

BASIL TAYLOR, Commander, R.N.,

Harbour Master, &c.

Hongkong, 4th January, 1909. [144]

## STOCKBROKERS' ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

## NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE has decided that the

following shall be the Settling Days

for 1909—

FRIDAY, 29th January.

FRIDAY, 26th February.

TUESDAY, 30th March.

THURSDAY, 29th April.

MONDAY, 31st May.

TUESDAY, 29th June.

FRIDAY, 30th July.

MONDAY, 30th August.

WEDNESDAY, 29th September.

FRIDAY, 29th October.

MONDAY, 29th November.

WEDNESDAY, 29th December.

The following is a List of Members of the

STOCKBROKERS' ASSOCIATION of Hongkong—

N. N. ADDIS.

A. S. ANTON.

J. M. DE C. BASTO.

S. S. BENJAMIN.

B. N. ELIAS.

FRED. ELLIS.

C. GREGG.

ERIC GREGG.

B. A. GUBRAY.

D. HASKELL.

T. F. HUGHES.

E. HOWARD.

E. J. HUGHES.

E. S. JOSEPH.

E. S. KADOORIE.

ELLIS KADOORIE.

J. R. MICHAEL.

M. H. MICHAEL.

S. H. MICHAEL.

S. J. MICHAEL.

E. J. MOSES.

E. OWEN.

I. S. PERRY.

G. H. POTTS.

P. C. H. POTTS.

C. ROGGE.

F. SMYTH.

E. SOLOMON.

P. STOFFA.

A. G. STOKES.

J. Y. V. YENKON.

J. F. WRIGHT.

By Order of the Committee.

J. F. WRIGHT, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1909. [153]

## FRENCH LESSONS.

FRENCH TAUGHT entirely by Con-

versation and without translation by a

Frenchman (a Teacher in Government Schools)

and ENGLISH LESSONS by an English

Lady.

Apply by letter to— B. R.

Care of “Daily Press” Office.

Hongkong, 15th November, 1908. [124]

## NEW CARTRIDGES.

BY popular English Manufacturers. In

all Bores and Sizes.

SMOKELESS POWDERS and CHILLED

SHOTS. From No. 10 to 588G. at 36, 37 and

\$7.50 per 100. SPORTING REQUISITES

and AIR GUNS in Variety.

Inspection Invited.

WM. SCHMIDT & Co.

Hongkong, 26th October, 1908. [1445]

## AUTOMATIC BROWNING

POCKET PISTOLS.

With CHAMBER for 8 CARTRIDGES

FIRING 8 SHOTS in 2 SECONDS.

W. J. STEWART & Co.

Hongkong, 6th March, 1907. [47]

## AUTOMATIC MAUSER

PISTOLS.

Calibre 7.63 m.m.

With CHAMBER for 10 CARTRIDGES

FIRING 10 SHOTS in 2 SECONDS.

CARLOWITZ & Co. Agents.

Hongkong, 13th March, 1907. [535]

## ON SALE.

THE FIFTY YEARS

ANGLO-CHINESE CALENDAR

日曆英中年十五

FROM 1st JANUARY, 1861 to 31st DECEMBER

1913, BEING FROM THE 1st YEAR OF THE

70TH CYCLE TO THE 50TH YEAR OF THE

70TH CYCLE THAT IS THE 3RD YEAR OF

TUNG CHI TO THE 39TH YEAR OF

KWONG FU.

PRICE \$2 CASH.

On Sale at the “HONGKONG DAILY PRESS”

Offices, or Agents in all the Ports of the

Far East.

The Book will be sent by Registered Post

(free) to any part of the World unrepresented

by Agents on receipt of Money Order.

## AUCTION

## PUBLIC AUCTION

OF

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

To be Sold

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES

Messrs. HUGHES & HUGHES,

AT THEIR SALES ROOM, ICE HOUSE STREET,

ON FRIDAY,

the 15th JANUARY, 1909, at Noon.

ALL those Pieces or Parcels of ground

known and registered in the Land Office

as INLAND LOTS Nos. 1544 and 1712, with

the Messuage and Buildings thereon known as

“NOWLANDS,” Conduit Road.

The properties are held under and subject to

the Agreement and Conditions of Sale under

which the same were purchased from the Crown

at Public Auction and the purchaser will be

entitled to apply for and obtain Crown Leases

thereof for terms of 75 years each.

Area of Inland Lot No. 1544—41,060 square

feet. Annual Crown Rent—\$283.

Area of Inland Lot No. 1712—13,872 square

feet. Annual Crown Rent—\$96.

For further particulars and conditions of sale

Apply to—

The AUCTIONEERS,

or to

Messrs. DEACON, LOOKER & DEACON,

Solicitors for the Vendors.

Hongkong, 8th January, 1909. [156]

## DR. M. H. CHAUN.

THE latest Method of the AMERICAN

SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.

33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.

Hongkong, 17th April, 1907. [1261]

## SIEN TING



As your teeth  
are wanted to last  
—for years to come—  
begin now to use

# Calvert's

## Tooth Powder

However perfect your teeth  
may naturally be, they still  
require, and will well repay,  
the slight trouble and the short  
time you should daily give to  
their care.

The regular use of Calvert's  
Carbolic Tooth Powder ensures  
a complete antiseptic cleansing,  
helps the toothbrush to do its  
work easily, pleasantly, and  
thoroughly, and thus assists  
your own efforts towards  
keeping the teeth in the best  
possible condition.

Sold by Local Chemists and Stores.  
F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, Eng.

**MAKES THE SKIN**  
**as SOFT as**  
**VELVET**

**“Sarsola”**

**Keeps the SKIN**  
**SOFT, SMOOTH, and WHITE**  
**ALL THE YEAR ROUND.**  
**Delightfully COOLING & REFRESHING**  
**during the summer**

**Excesses of**  
**ROUGHNESS,**  
**REDNESS, HEAT,**  
**IRRITATION, TAN, and**

**For Sale at the “HONGKONG DAILY PRESS”**  
**1/1, 1/2, and 2/6 each**  
**M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham.**

ON SALE.

**3 BOUND VOLUMES of the HONGKONG**  
**WEEKLY PRESS.** January to June,  
1903. With Index. Price \$7.50.  
On sale at the “HONGKONG DAILY PRESS”  
Office.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1903.







# PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS OF CALL.	ASSAYE Capt. C. L. Daniel	Noon, 9th Jan.	See Special Advertisement.
LONDON and ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PEN. ANG. COLOMBO PORT SAID and MARSEILLES	NILE Capt. E. P. Martin	About 13th Jan.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	MALTA Capt. H. Powell	On 16th Jan.	Freight and Passage.

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,  
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1909.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
TSINGTAU, WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO	"SHANSI"	On 11th January
BAMARANG and SOUBABAYA	"TIENTSIN"	On 11th Jan. 4 P.M.
PAKHAI and HAIPHONG	"CHIBLI"	On 12th Jan. 10 A.M.
MANILA	"TEAN"	On 12th Jan. 3 P.M.
MANILA	"TAMING"	On 19th Jan. 3 P.M.

MANILA ZAMBOANGA, PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY, with Transhipment for TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND, ADELAIDE, FREMANTLE and PERTH.

MANILA STEAMERS and TIENTSIN STEAMERS have superior Passenger accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon.

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports. SHANGHAI STEAMERS have good Saloon Passenger accommodation and take cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

REDUCED SALOON FARES, SINGLE AND RETURN, TO MANILA AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

TELEPHONE 36.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS

11

## INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"YATSHING"	Sunday, 10th Jan., D'light
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI	"FOOKSANG"	Monday, 11th Jan., Noon
KOBE	"ONSANG"	Monday, 11th Jan., 4 P.M.
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG"	Tuesday, 12th Jan., Noon
SINGAPORE & SOUBABAYA	"CHUNSAUNG"	Tuesday, 12th Jan., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"WOSANG"	Tuesday, 12th Jan., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHIPSING"	Wednesday, 13th Jan., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"HANGSANG"	Thursday, 14th Jan., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"YUENSANG"	Friday, 15th Jan., 4 P.M.
KOBE	"AMARA"	Friday, 15th Jan., 4 P.M.

FOR THE MANILA CARNIVAL.

FEBRUARY 2ND TO 9TH, 1909.

A Special Reduced Fare of \$50 for Return Passengers will be issued for our Sailings to Manila of the 29th January, and 5th February, available for 30 days from date of issue. Passengers taking out these tickets are exempt from the Head Tax.

Steamers have superior accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin and Newchwang. Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Khat, Lahad, Datu, Sim poma, Tawao Usukan, Jesselton and Labuan.

Telephone No. 61.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; Co., LTD.,

Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

16

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGHEST CLASS—FASTEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS STEAMERS ON THE COAST, HAVING SPLENDID ACCOMMODATION FOR FIRST-CLASS PASSENGERS. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.

STEAMERS	FOR	LEAVING
"HAIMUN"	SWATOW	SUNDAY, 10th Jan., at 10 A.M.
"HAICHING"	SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCOW.	TUESDAY, 12th Jan., at Noon.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF PASSENGERS, STEAMERS WILL ARRIVE AT, AND DEPART FROM, THE COMPANY'S WHARF (NEAR BLAKE PIER).

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & Co.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

10

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE BETWEEN HONGKONG SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS AND FORMOSA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	THE CO'S S.S.	LEAVING
TAMSAI VIA SWATOW & AMOY.	"DAIJIN MARU"	MONDAY, 11th Jan., at 4 P.M.
TAKAO (DIRECT)	"YERIMO MARU"	TUESDAY, 12th Jan., at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCOW.	"BUJUN MARU"	THURSDAY, 14th Jan., at Daylight

These new Steamers have excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light. First-class Cabins Amidships. Unvalued Table.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China Ports.

For Freight, Passage and further information, apply at the Company's Local Branch Office, Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

T. ARIMA, Manager

15

## EAST ASIATIC CO., LD. COPENHAGEN, SINGAPORE, BANGKOK & SHANGHAI. RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC CO., LD., ST. PETERSBURG & VLADIVOSTOK. SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LD. GOTHENBURG.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.  
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS	DATE OF SAILING.
MARSEILLES, HAVRE and COPENHAGEN	"SIAM"	Beginning of Jan., 09
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE	"YEDDO"	Middle of Jan., 09

For Further Particulars apply to

MELOCHERS & CO.,  
AGENTS.

6

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

EXTRA PASSENGER SERVICE NEW STEAMERS—EUROPEAN LINE.

FOR GENOA, MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THE CO'S NEWLY BUILT 9000 TONS PASSENGER STEAMERS WILL BE DESPATCHED FROM HONGKONG AS FOLLOWS:

KAMO MARU	(Capt. F. L. SOMMER)	On Tues. 26th Jan.
MISHIMA MARU	(Capt. A. E. MOSES)	About Wed. 24th Feb.
MIYASAKI MARU	( )	About Wed. 24th Mar.
ATSUTA MARU	( )	About Wed. 21st April.

CHEAPEST PASSAGE RATES TO EUROPE AND AROUND-THE-WORLD.

For further particulars apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1909.

93

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA. (THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS.	STEAMERS.	TONS.	SAILING DATES.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	BINGO MARU Capt. A. Christensen	6247	WED'DAY, 20th Jan., at Daylight
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE, via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, and YOKOHAMA	KAWACHI MARU Capt. H. Petersen	6101	WED'DAY, 3rd Febr., at Daylight
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	TANGO MARU Capt. S. Ishikawa	7453	TUESDAY, 19th Jan., at Noon
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, COLOMBO and YOKOHAMA	* AKI MARU Capt. J. Nagao	6444	TUESDAY, 2nd Febr., at Noon
SHANGHAI, MOJI and KOBE	KUMANO MARU Capt. N. Mathieson	5076	FRIDAY, 22nd Jan., at Noon
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	YAWATA MARU Capt. T. Sekine	3817	FRIDAY, 19th Febr., at Noon
	* CEYLON MARU Capt. Fred Payne	5068	THURSDAY, 14th Jan., at Noon
	* KAGOSHIMA MARU Capt. A. Keidi	5068	WED'DAY, 13th Jan., at Daylight
	* YAWATA MARU Capt. T. Sekine	4587	SUNDAY, 17th Jan., at Noon
		3817	WED'DAY, 20th Jan., at Noon

\* Omitting Yokohama.

\* Fitted with Marconi's System of Wireless Telegraphy.

Through Passengers Tickets issued to the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada and Europe, in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY and Atlantic Steamers. Round-the-World Tickets also issued. Between Nagasaki and Yokohama, 1st and 2nd Class through Passengers have the option of travelling by Rail.

For Further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &c., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Charter Road.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

T. KUSUMOTO,  
MANAGER.

15

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE HAMBURG.

EAST ASIATIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO, to HAVRE, BREMEN and HAMBURG and to NEW YORK.

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

Also via Aden or Port Said, by the Company's "Arabian and Persian Service" to Arabian and Persian Gulf Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

OUTWARD.	HOMEWARD.
FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE:	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
S.S. ANDALUSIA ... 14th Jan.	S.S. ISTRIA ... 9th Jan.
S.S. SLAVONIA ... 17th Jan.	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
S.S. SAXONIA ... 27th Jan.	S.S. BARCELONA ... 25th Jan.
S.S. SPEZIA ... 8th Febr.	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
	S.S. C. FERD. LAEISZ ... 28th Jan.
	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
	S.S. SLAVONIA ... 22nd Febr.
	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
	S.S. ANDALUSIA ... 27th Febr.

Further Particulars, apply to—

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong, 6th January, 1909. Hongkong Office

12

## HONGKONG-MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers between Hongkong and Manila. Saloon amply-fitted. Electric Light, Perfect Cuisine. SURGEON and STEWARDESS carried. All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

CHINA AND MANILA  
STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

STEAMSHIP	TONS.	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE.
BURI	2540	R. W. Almond	Manila	On 9th Jan., Noon.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Rodger	Manila	On 16th Jan., Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1909.

14

PASSENGER SEASON 1909.

## IN 25 DAYS TO ITALY BY THE MAGNIFICENT N.D.L. LINERS:

"PRINCESS ALICE"	10,911	ON MARCH 10TH.
"KLEIST"	9,000	ON MARCH 24TH.
"PRINZ LUDWIG"	9,630	ON APRIL 7TH.

CALLING AT NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS.

Early booking recommended.

For Particulars, apply to—

MELOCHERS & Co.,  
GENERAL AGENTS.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1909.

92

## PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COY.

S.S. "MACEDONIA."  
10,500 TONS.

CAPTAIN C. D. BENNETT, R.N.R.

THIS THROUGH MAIL STEAMER FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON VIA BOMBAY WILL LEAVE HONGKONG ON MARCH 20TH, 1909, STAYING AT BOMBAY 24 HOURS ONLY AND IS DUE TO ARRIVE AT—

MARSEILLES	APRIL 17TH.
LONDON	APRIL 24TH.

FARES TO LONDON—	1st SALOON £71.10	SINGLE	£106.14	RETURN.
	2nd	"	£48.8	"
			£72.12	"

For further Particulars apply to—

E. A. HEWETT,  
SUPERINTENDENT.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1909.

163

## SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY CO.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE  
BETWEEN  
CHINA AND EUROPE VIA DAIREN (DALNY).

MAIN RAILWAY LINE—Semi-Weekly Express Service from Dairen to Chingchun (Kwanchengtzun), in connection with Siberian Express trains at Harbin, by a train composed of excellently equipped Sleeping and Dining Cars expressly built for the Company by the Pullman Car Co.

BRANCH RAILWAY LINES:

IRON LINE—For Ryofun (Port Arthur), 2 hours from Dairen.  
YINGKOU LINE—For Yingkou (Newchang), 3 hours from Tashiholiao Junction.  
FUSHUN LINE—For the famous Fushun Collieries from Suchiatun Junction.  
ANTUNG-HAIEN LINE—A light railway from Mukden to Antung-Haien connecting with the Korean Railway.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE—Regular Direct Weekly Service by the fast Passenger Steamer "Kobe Maru" (2377 tons) sailing from Dairen every Monday and from Shanghai every Friday, in connection with the South Manchurian Express and Trans-Siberian Route (International Train de Luxe).

RAILWAY HOTELS—"YAMATO" HOTEL (Tel. Add. "YAMATO").  
At DAIREN (Dalny), PORT ARTHUR and CHANGCHUN (KWANCHENG TZU), all managed by the Company and provided with every convenience, luxury, and comfort.

TICKETS AGENTS in the FAR EAST and EUROPE: Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON and the INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING CAR & EXPRESS TRAINS CO.

FUSHUN COAL

FUSHUN COLLIERIES—Fushun Steam Coal is supplied at Dairen, Yingkou, &c. Fresh stock always on hand.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY, DAIREN.

Tel. Add. "MANITSU." Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed., A.I. and Lieber's.

137

## THOS. COOK & SON, TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS, BANKERS, &c.

CHIEF OFFICE:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.  
TICKETS TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.  
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.  
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.  
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.  
FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

Head Office for the Far East—  
16, DES VŒUX ROAD,  
HONGKONG.

Japan Office:  
14, WATER STREET,  
YOKOHAMA.

[920]

**SANTAL MIDY**

These tiny Capsules—superior to Copaiba, Cubets, and Injections—cure the same diseases as these drugs in forty-eight hours without inconvenience.

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

**GRIMAULT'S SYRUP**

OF HYPO-PHOSPHITE OF LIME.

Prescribed in France for the last 30 years. It retains its reputation for Consumption, Obstructive Coughs, Colds, Diseases of the Chest, Lungs, and Bronchial Tubes.

**KEATINGE'S**

**SONILVEX**

VISITORS TO CANTON. Should purchase "FROM HONGKONG TO CANTON, BY THE PEARL RIVER."

CAPTAIN C. V. LLOYD (S.S. "FATHAN") With Illustrations, Maps and Plans. Price ... \$1.90

On Sale at—  
Hongkong: "DAILY PRESS" Office.  
Messrs. KELLY & WALSH.  
Messrs. W. BREWER & Co.  
Canton: Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co.  
Hongkong, 4th October, 1903.



## SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS.

HONGKONG, JANUARY 8TH, 1909.

## VISITORS AT HOTELS.

STOCKA.

Hongkong & Shanghai S.S. Co. Ltd. Agents, Messrs. Guthrie & Co., Ltd.

Mr. P. E. Adams  
Miss C. A. Baker

## THE FAVOURITE SCOTCH

OF THE

**H. RUTTONJEE & SON.**

**WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.**

January—Shanghai 30th Dec., General—

Per Fooksang, from Singapore, Dr. and Mrs.

Phillips, Mrs. Pritoon and son, and Messrs. Phillips and Avery.

*For Term; from Manila, Mr. and Mrs. Hildbrand, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. Hildbrand, Messrs. Bliss, Williams, Heitmuller, Wright, Fisher, DeLauna, Devenans, Burns, Flaherty, Fogarty, Williams, McFarde, Curtis, Grancy, Danzig, Gohlmast, Bonie and Ullman.*

*Per Assaye, from Shanghai, Mr. Hongkong, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones, Messrs. Hongkong, Morris and Lock, Tresor; for Singapore, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. L. Calder and infant, and Mr. Cornish; for Bombay, Mr. Dusharjew; for Port Said, Mr. Cobb; for London, Mr. R. Macdonald; from Yokohama, Mr. Sander, Mr. A. S. N. Kemp; for London, Miss Alston, Miss Hunter, Miss H. Hunter and Mr. Cohen Lewis; for Port Said, Mrs. S. E. Morris and Miss Morris.*

*Per Tongo Maru, from San Francisco, do, Mr. and Mrs. A. Heise, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Dungan, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Austin, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sharp, Commodore and Mrs. Webster, Dr. and Mrs. Fred Bentley, Capt. and Mrs. Frank Knoll, Mr. F. O'Neill, Miss Freda Heise, Miss Nancy Heise, Miss Rose Dungan, Miss C. W. Baker, Miss D. A. Gray, Mrs. Horace Robinson, Miss J. A. Grant, Dr. med. Adol'f Raxag, Dr. Edward C. Machle, Dr. N. D. Pontius, Dr. Wm. Quinn, Prof. Dr. Hugo von Techudi, Messrs. Chas. E. Batho, D. E. Blake, J. P. Gu, W. Hendrich, C. W. Roberts, T. E. Griffiths, Norris D. Fenovall, Milton S. Silverstone, A. B. Tigh, E. S. Denechaud, M. Mayasaki, K. Keopping and J. A. Lindsay.*

TO DEPART.

*For Assaye, for Burago, Ro., Mr. and Mrs. Humphries, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Calder, Mr. and Mrs. Kellier, Mr. and Mrs. Leman, Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Albright, Mr. and Mrs. Gay, Admiral and Mrs. Bordenau, Mrs. S. E. Morse, Miss Collier, Miss Cole, Miss Morse, Miss Carpenter, Misses Bordenau (2), Misses G. M. S. Bullar, Comdr. Lin, Messrs W. G. Mc Donald, Magner, McLaughlin, Burr, W. S. McDonald, Z. L. Cohen, A. V. Kemp, J. Coff, Brandt, Marie, Farguson, McHardy,*



## BY ROGER DE CHATELEUX.

If I dared; I would tel you that wh  
a woman has the good fortune of owi  
an ideal complexion, as the average En

style and the instinct of elegance, and that she obeys at the same time too blindly and too in completely the dictates of Fashion—if I dared—*Daily Mail*.

Telegrams, "Keynote, London" and Oct. 1966

\_\_\_\_\_



**A Delicious Luxury.**

There are many kinds of Lime Juice. Some are quite innocent of any touch of the real fruit, and others are made from low quality limes. The way to make sure of the perfect Lime Fruit Juice is to get

**PURE**

**'MONTSERRAT'**

**LIME JUICE CORDIAL**

which is made exclusively from the splendid cultivated limes of the Island of Montserrat. Mixed with plain or aerated water, this Cordial is the ideal household drink in hot weather.

It is in two kinds—  
Unsweetened, &c., *Plain Lime Juice*.  
Sweetened, &c., *Lime Juice Cordial*.

# A STRONG INDORSEMENT OF NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE.

"Having suffered for years with a very obstinate case of dandruff and falling hair, I had almost despaired when a lady friend induced me to try Newbro's Herpicide. Now after a thorough trial I cannot say enough in praise of it. From a dull lustress head of hair I have now a beautiful head of glossy hair which I can only thank Herpicide for."

(Signed) MADAME THEKA.

NEW YORK.

Care New York Clipper.

"As good as Herpicide" is the familiar claim that is made for many so-called germ-destroying hair remedies. Newbro's Herpicide is the ORIGINAL remedy that kills the dandruff germ and its wonderful success and popularity account for the increasing number of imitations of it.

Why not get the original?  
Substitutes are always disappointing.

Herpicide kills the germ that causes dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair. Extraordinary results follow its use. Stops itching of scalp instantly.

Two SIZES—50c. AND \$1.00.


AT DRUG STORES.—Send 10 Cents in Stamps to  
The HERPICIDE Co., Dept., N., Detroit, Mich.,  
for a Sample.

INSIST UPON HERPICIDE.

## A. S. WATSON & CO..

SPECIAL AGENTS.

APPLICATIONS AT PROMINENT BARBER SHOPS.



MADAME THEKA

88-B



